

**Blanco County Emergency  
Services District No. 2  
Financial Statements  
For the Year Ended  
September 30, 2021**

*Taber & Burnett, P.C.*  
A Professional Corporation  
Certified Public Accountants

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2**

*Table of Contents*

*September 30, 2021*

	Page
Management’s Discussion and Analysis.....	2
Independent Auditors’ Report.....	7
Statement of Net Position.....	9
Statement of Activities.....	10
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds.....	11
Reconciliation of the Government Funds	
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position.....	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Governmental Funds.....	13
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Activities.....	14
Notes to the Financial Statements.....	15
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule.....	34
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability	
and Related Ratios.....	35
Schedule of Employer Contributions.....	36

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS  
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

As management of the Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2 (the District), we are pleased to offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider it in conjunction with the additional information presented in the accompanying basic financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

**Financial Statements**

- ③ The net position of the District increased by \$686,098 as a result of the current year's operations. Net position at year end consisted of invested in capital assets, net of related debt of \$1,848,868 and an unrestricted net position of \$1,865,764 for total net position of \$3,714,632.
- ③ Total revenues from all sources were \$2,130,640. This represents an increase of \$345,264 due to increases in property and sales tax collections.
- ③ Total costs of all programs were \$1,444,542. This represents an increase of \$85,359 due to increased human resource expenses and depreciation.
- ③ As of September 30, 2021, the District's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,857,437, an increase of \$183,175.

**Using this Annual Report**

This annual report presents the following three components of the financial statements:

1. Government-wide financial statements provide information for the District as a whole.
2. Fund financial statements provide detailed information for the District's significant funds.
3. Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to understanding the government-wide and fund financial statements.

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves. This information includes a management's discussion and analysis as well as a budgetary comparison schedule.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the District. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net position. Over time,

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2***Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**September 30, 2021*

increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information on how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. This statement is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which means that all of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information for the following:

- Governmental activities—This includes all of the District's emergency response services which are primarily supported by property and sales taxes.

The government-wide financial statements begin on page 9. The following is a summary of net position as of September 30, 2021:

**Table 1  
Net Position**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Current assets and other assets	\$ 1,908,778	\$ 1,924,981
Capital assets, net	<u>4,127,537</u>	<u>3,755,092</u>
Total assets	<u>6,036,315</u>	<u>5,680,073</u>
Deferred outflow of resources	<u>16,450</u>	<u>8,534</u>
Current liabilities	51,341	250,719
Other liabilities	<u>2,286,792</u>	<u>2,409,354</u>
Total liabilities	<u>2,338,133</u>	<u>2,660,073</u>
Net position:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,848,868	1,345,834
Unrestricted	<u>1,865,764</u>	<u>1,682,700</u>
Total net position	\$ <u>3,714,632</u>	\$ <u>3,028,534</u>

The following table is a summary of changes in net position:

**Table 2  
Changes in Net Position**

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 373,679	\$ 314,157
Operating grants and contributions	101,742	96,159
Capital grants and contributions	39,512	248,485
General revenues:		
Property taxes	1,023,410	907,674
Sales taxes	468,106	211,525
Interest income	7,198	8,013
Miscellaneous revenue	199	52
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets	<u>116,794</u>	<u>(689)</u>
Total revenues	<u>2,130,640</u>	<u>1,785,376</u>
Expenses:		
General government	328,721	306,941
Public safety	<u>1,115,821</u>	<u>1,052,242</u>
Total expenses	<u>1,444,542</u>	<u>1,359,183</u>
Changes in net position	686,098	426,193
Net position - October 1	<u>3,028,534</u>	<u>2,602,341</u>
Net position - September 30	<u>\$ 3,714,632</u>	<u>\$ 3,028,534</u>

**Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's significant funds - not the District as a whole. The District's funds fall into one category - governmental funds.

The focus of the District's *governmental fund* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

## Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

September 30, 2021

The *governmental funds statements* provide a detailed short-term view of the government operations and the basic services it provides, and are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting which focuses on available spendable resources. This allows the reader to evaluate the District's short-term financing requirements. Both the governmental fund *Balance Sheet* and the governmental fund *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance* provide a reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements begin on page 11.

### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15 through 32 of this report.

### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District adopts an annual budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance. The budgetary comparison schedule is on page 34. The District Commissioners did amend the budget during the year ended September 30, 2021.

Actual expenditure results on a budgetary basis were less than one percent over budgeted expenditures. The District's overall actual revenue was 31 percent more than budgeted due mainly to increased property tax collections, sales tax collections, and sales proceeds.

### Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of September 30, 2021, amounts to \$4,127,537 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes building, land, computers, machinery, equipment, and vehicles.

	<b>Capital Assets Governmental Activities (net of depreciation)</b>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 2,750,394	\$ 2,828,791
Furniture and Fixtures	1,287	1,908
Machinery and Equipment	221,093	254,776
Vehicles and Equipment	1,045,396	560,250
Land	<u>109,367</u>	<u>109,367</u>
	\$ <u>4,127,537</u>	\$ <u>3,755,092</u>

## Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

September 30, 2021

This year's major additions included:

Brush 82 Conversion	\$	37,046
Pierce Enforcer		<u>604,102</u>
	\$	<u>641,148</u>

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on page 23 of this report.

### Debt Administration

As of September 30, 2021, the District was obligated on the following debt:

#### Outstanding Debt at Year End

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	9/30/21 <u>Total</u>	9/30/20 <u>Total</u>
Building loan	\$ 2,278,670	\$ 2,278,670	\$ 2,386,356
Cardiac monitors	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,902</u>
Total	\$ <u>2,278,670</u>	\$ <u>2,278,670</u>	\$ <u>2,409,258</u>

The District assumed no new loans during the year. The total interest paid on the District's debt was \$64,251. Additional information on the District's non-current liabilities can be found in Note 5 beginning on page 24 of this report.

### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District's tax revenues are expected to grow with property value increases and continued sales tax collections. These additional funds will be used to fund emergency fire services and emergency medical services.

### Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives from the citizens of the Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2. If you have any questions about this report or need further information, contact the Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2, P.O. Box 972, Blanco, TX 78606.



**Taber & Burnett, P.C.**

*A Professional Corporation  
Certified Public Accountants*

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**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To The Commissioners  
Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2 (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

**Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

**Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2 as of September 30, 2021, and the results of its operations for the periods then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Other Matters**

### *Required Supplementary Information*

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information on pages 2 through 6 and 34 through 37 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Taber & Burnett, P.C.

Burnet, Texas  
February 14, 2022

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2**

Statement of Net Position

As of September 30, 2021

	<u>Primary Government</u>	
	<u>Governmental</u>	
	<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Assets</b>		
Deposits and investments	\$ 1,739,195	\$ 1,739,195
Prepaid expenses	20,384	20,384
Taxes receivable	22,054	22,054
Billing receivables	20,220	20,220
Contribution receivable	74,778	74,778
Inventory	32,147	32,147
Capital assets, net	<u>4,127,537</u>	<u>4,127,537</u>
Total assets	<u>6,036,315</u>	<u>6,036,315</u>
<b>Deferred Outflow of Resources</b>		
Difference between projected and actual earnings - pensions	658	658
Difference between expected and actual experience - pensions	2,796	2,796
Changes in assumptions	6,797	6,797
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>6,199</u>	<u>6,199</u>
Total deferred outflow of resources	<u>16,450</u>	<u>16,450</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable	33,617	33,617
Accrued expenses	17,724	17,724
Non-current liabilities:		
Debt due within one year	110,684	110,684
Due in more than one year:		
Net pension liability	8,122	8,122
Long term debt	<u>2,167,986</u>	<u>2,167,986</u>
Total liabilities	<u>2,338,133</u>	<u>2,338,133</u>
<b>Net Position</b>		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,848,868	1,848,868
Unrestricted	<u>1,865,764</u>	<u>1,865,764</u>
Total Net Position	\$ <u>3,714,632</u>	\$ <u>3,714,632</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2**

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>			<u>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets</u>	
		<u>Services</u>	<u>Operating Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Contributions</u>	<u>Primary Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$ 328,721	\$ -	\$ 7,500	\$ 14,437	\$ (306,784)	\$ (306,784)
Public safety - Fire	420,710	21,995	-	25,075	(373,640)	(373,640)
Public safety - EMS	<u>695,111</u>	<u>351,684</u>	<u>94,242</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(249,185)</u>	<u>(249,185)</u>
Total net (expense) revenue for governmental activities and the primary government	\$ <u>1,444,542</u>	\$ <u>373,679</u>	\$ <u>101,742</u>	\$ <u>39,512</u>	<u>(929,609)</u>	<u>(929,609)</u>
General revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property taxes					1,023,410	1,023,410
Sales taxes					468,106	468,106
Interest income					7,198	7,198
Miscellaneous revenue					199	199
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets					<u>116,794</u>	<u>116,794</u>
Total general revenues					<u>1,615,707</u>	<u>1,615,707</u>
Change in net position					686,098	686,098
Net Position, Beginning of Year					<u>3,028,534</u>	<u>3,028,534</u>
Net Position, End of Year					\$ <u>3,714,632</u>	\$ <u>3,714,632</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2***Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds**As of September 30, 2021*

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<b>Assets</b>		
Deposits and investments	\$ 1,739,195	\$ 1,739,195
Prepaid expenses	20,384	20,384
Taxes receivable	45,692	45,692
Billing receivables	20,220	20,220
Contribution receivable	74,778	74,778
Inventory	<u>32,147</u>	<u>32,147</u>
Total Assets	<u>1,932,416</u>	<u>1,932,416</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Accounts payable	33,617	33,617
Accrued expenses	<u>17,724</u>	<u>17,724</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>51,341</u>	<u>51,341</u>
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		
Unavailable property taxes	<u>23,638</u>	<u>23,638</u>
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>23,638</u>	<u>23,638</u>
<b>Fund Balance</b>		
Committed for debt service	245,230	245,230
Unassigned	<u>1,612,207</u>	<u>1,612,207</u>
Total Fund Balance	<u>1,857,437</u>	<u>1,857,437</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ <u>1,932,416</u>	\$ <u>1,932,416</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2**

*Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet  
to the Statement of Net Position*

*As of September 30, 2021*

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds:	\$ 1,857,437
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. (See Note 4)	4,127,537
Deferred outflows are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	16,450
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current year and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds balance sheet. (See Note 5)	(2,278,670)
Net pension liabilities not due and payable in current period and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	<u>(8,122)</u>
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ <u><u>3,714,632</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2***Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and  
Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds**For the Year Ended September 30, 2021*

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Revenues		
Billing revenue	\$ 373,679	\$ 373,679
Contract revenue	7,500	7,500
Contributions	94,242	94,242
Grants	39,512	39,512
Interest income	7,198	7,198
Miscellaneous revenue	199	199
Property taxes	1,023,410	1,023,410
Sales taxes	468,106	468,106
Sales of assets	<u>125,900</u>	<u>125,900</u>
Total Revenues	<u>2,139,746</u>	<u>2,139,746</u>
Expenditures		
Audit and accounting	9,471	9,471
Capital outlay	676,696	676,696
Debt service	194,839	194,839
Equipment and supplies	85,238	85,238
Fundraising and miscellaneous	983	983
Human resources and development	650,242	650,242
Insurance	128,539	128,539
Office and administration	89,876	89,876
Station expenses	45,888	45,888
Vehicle expense	<u>74,799</u>	<u>74,799</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>1,956,571</u>	<u>1,956,571</u>
Excess (Deficiencies) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	183,175	183,175
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	<u>1,674,262</u>	<u>1,674,262</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ <u>1,857,437</u>	\$ <u>1,857,437</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2**

*Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and  
Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds to the Statement  
of Activities*

*For the Year Ended September 30, 2021*

Net Change in Fund Balance-Governmental Funds \$ 183,175

Amounts reported for governmental activities  
in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  
However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is  
allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  
This is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of capital  
outlays and related items. (See Note 4) 372,445

Pension expenditures reported in the funds use current financial  
resources, however, pension expenses in the statement of activities will be  
expensed as incurred. (110)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to  
governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt  
consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither  
transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect  
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.  
(See Note 5) 130,588

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 686,098

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES*****Reporting Entity***

Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2 (the District) was created by election held in May 1989. The District operates under Article III, Section 48-e of the Texas Constitution and Chapter 775 of the Texas Health and Safety Code and is run by a Board of Commissioners appointed by the Blanco County Commissioners Court. The District's major activities include providing emergency services to the residents of and visitors to the district.

As required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District (the primary government) and its component units. In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth in U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant indication of this ability is financial interdependency. Other indications of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the District is able to exercise oversight responsibilities.

As required by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, these financial statements present the primary government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each included blended component unit listed below has a September 30 fiscal year-end.

Blanco County Emergency Services Auxiliary - is included as a component unit because of its operational and financial relationship with the District. The District appoints the members of the governing board, and the auxiliary was created by the District to provide support to the District and education to the community.

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Government-Wide Financial Statements***

The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities (such as cash and accounts payable) but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and infrastructure, and general obligation debt). Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and cost of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter.

***Statement of Net Position***

The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental activities) and its discretely presented component units, if any. Governments will report all capital assets, including infrastructure, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted.

***Statement of Activities***

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the District's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

***Fund Financial Statements***

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, and revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements are provided for the government funds.

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

General Fund

The General Fund is the principal fund of the District which accounts for all financial transactions not accounted for in other funds. The District had no other funds for the year ended September 30, 2021.

*Fund Balance Classification*

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

- Nonspendable - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted - includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Committed - includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to ordinances passed by the Board, the Districts highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through ordinances approved by the District's Board.
- Assigned - includes amounts that the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance.
- Unassigned - includes amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund. The District reports all amounts that meet the unrestricted General Fund Balance Policy as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed.

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

In fiscal year 2013, the District adopted a minimum fund balance policy. The policy requires the unassigned fund balance be at least equal to 25 percent of the total budget.

***Budgetary Comparison Schedules***

Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. Under the current reporting model, governments are required to provide the District's original budget with the comparison of final budget and actual results.

The budget is adopted by the Commissioners prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Amendments, if any, are only made during the year with approval from the Commissioners.

***Basis of Presentation***

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured, such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

***Government-Wide and Fund Accounting***

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the District as a whole) and fund financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements (within the basic financial statements) categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. As of September 30, 2021, the District had no business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental column is to be presented on a consolidated basis, and is reflected, on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which incorporates long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety), which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues (property and sales taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.).

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety). The operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. The District does not allocate indirect expenses.

Amounts reported as program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, and revenues and expenditures. Government resources are allocated to, and accounted for, in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resource and modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is presented which briefly explains the adjustment necessary to reconcile funds based on fund financial statements with the governmental column of the government-wide presentation.

The focus of the reporting model is on the District as a whole and the fund financial statements, including the major individual funds of the governmental category. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared (between years and between governments) to enhance the usefulness of the information.

***Basis of Accounting***

Basis of accounting refers to the method by which revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these activities are included on the statement of net position.

All revenue and expenditure recognition for governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered a measure of “available spendable resources.” Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. The District’s revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as current assets. Available means collectible within the current period or as soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Penalties and interest, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred.

***Estimates***

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

***Deposits and Investments***

The District’s investment guidelines are defined by a written investment policy that is approved by the District Board. In accordance with this policy, the investment funds are invested, and the investments of those funds managed, as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution.

***Inventories***

Inventories consist of medical supplies on hand at year-end. Inventories are valued at cost based on the first-in, first out method.

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

***Capital Assets***

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the General Fund and as assets in the government-wide financial statements of the District. Depreciation is recorded on general fixed assets on a government-wide basis. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost was not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation is computed using the straight line method.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor equipment are charged to operations when incurred. Expenditures that materially change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of land, buildings, and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation, if applicable, are eliminated from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Estimated useful lives for depreciable assets are as follows:

Building and Improvements	40 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 to 7 years
Machinery and Equipment	3 to 15 years
Vehicles and Equipment	5 to 15 years

***Pensions***

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

**NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has the following items that qualify for reporting in these categories.

- Deferred charges of refunding - A deferred charge of refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Pension contributions after measurement date - These contributions are deferred and recognized in the following fiscal year.
- Difference in projected and actual earnings on pension assets - This difference is deferred and amortized over a closed five-year period.
- Difference in projected and actual experience and changes in assumptions for pension assets - These differences are deferred and amortized over the average service life for all active, inactive, and retired members.

**NOTE 2 - PROPERTY TAXES**

The District's property tax is levied each October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the previous January 1 for all real property located in the District. The tax levy for October, 2020 was \$1,021,034.

The tax assessment of October 1, 2020 sets the tax levy at \$0.10 per \$100 of assessed valuation at 100 percent of market value.

Delinquent property taxes estimated to be collectible within the next fiscal year are recognized as revenues. Other delinquent property taxes receivable at year end that are deemed to be ultimately collectible are recorded as deferred inflows of resources.



**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2**

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

**NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

The District's deposits and investments at September 30, 2021 are comprised of demand deposits of \$1,606,718 and certificates of deposits in the amount of \$132,477.

*Custodial Credit Risk:* The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy requires all deposits to be fully secured in accordance with Texas Government Code, Chapter 2257, by either surety bonds, letters of credit of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, or by eligible securities held by an independent third-party custodian. At September 30, 2021, all District cash balances were secured.

**NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS**

Changes in governmental capital assets during the year ended September 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	October 1, 2020	Increases	Decreases	September 30, 2021
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ <u>109,367</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>109,367</u>
Other Capital Assets				
Furniture and fixtures	9,993	-	-	9,993
Machinery and equipment	756,331	35,549	6,962	784,918
Buildings and improvements	2,920,197	-	-	2,920,197
Vehicles and equipment	<u>1,609,379</u>	<u>641,147</u>	<u>411,513</u>	<u>1,839,013</u>
Total Other Capital Assets	5,295,900	676,696	418,475	5,554,121
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(1,650,175)</u>	<u>(295,144)</u>	<u>(409,368)</u>	<u>(1,535,951)</u>
Other Capital Assets, Net	<u>3,645,725</u>	<u>381,552</u>	<u>9,107</u>	<u>4,018,170</u>
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ <u>3,755,092</u>	\$ <u>381,552</u>	\$ <u>9,107</u>	\$ <u>4,127,537</u>

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2**

Notes to the Financial Statements

September 30, 2021

**NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General government		\$ 79,017
Public safety - Fire		122,671
Public safety - EMS		<u>93,456</u>
Total depreciation expense - Governmental Activities		\$ <u>295,144</u>

**NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN NONCURRENT LIABILITIES**

The following is a summary of noncurrent liability transactions during the year ended September 30, 2021:

	Balance October 1, <u>2020</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Payments</u>	Balance September 30, <u>2021</u>
Building loan	\$ 2,386,356	\$ -	\$ 107,686	\$ 2,278,670
Cardiac monitors	<u>22,902</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>22,902</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ <u>2,409,258</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>130,588</u>	\$ <u>2,278,670</u>
				<u>Principal Balance</u>

Payee and Terms

Southside Bank, loan to provide for the refinance of the original construction loan for the new building. The loan was originated on August 28, 2020. Payable in monthly installments of \$14,328 (including interest at 2.749%) beginning October 2020 through April 2038. Secured by future property tax collections.

\$ 2,278,670

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2***Notes to the Financial Statements**September 30, 2021***NOTE 5 - CHANGES IN NONCURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)**

Stryker assumed loans from Blanco County Volunteer Ambulance Corps, for cardiac monitors, payable in annual installments of \$22,902 including interest at zero percent, the balance due August, 2021, secured by the monitors.	-
Total non-current liabilities	2,278,670
Less current portion	<u>(110,684)</u>
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ <u>2,167,986</u>

Annual payments required to amortize all long-term debt outstanding as of September 30, 2021 including interest payments, are as follows:

Year Ending <u>September 30.</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 110,684	\$ 61,253	\$ 171,937
2023	113,765	58,172	171,937
2024	116,932	55,005	171,937
2025	120,187	51,749	171,936
2026	123,533	48,403	171,936
2027 to 2031	671,207	188,476	859,683
2032 to 2036	769,984	89,699	859,683
2037 to 2038	<u>252,378</u>	<u>5,527</u>	<u>257,905</u>
	\$ <u>2,278,670</u>	\$ <u>558,284</u>	\$ <u>2,836,954</u>

**NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN****Plan Description**

The District provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the state-wide Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCERS is responsible for the administration of the state-wide agent multiple-employer, public employee retirement system consisting of over 800 active participating counties and districts throughout Texas. TCERS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available upon written request from the TCERS Board of Trustees at P.O. Box 2034, Austin, Texas 78768-2034 or at [www.tcders.org](http://www.tcders.org).

**NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

**Benefits Provided**

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the District, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 10 or more years of service or with 30 years of service regardless of age or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 80 or more. Members are vested after 10 years but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump-sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contributions to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, or death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs, can be granted by the District's Board within certain guidelines.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At December 31, 2020 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees Accounts:	
Receiving benefits	0
Entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	<u>6</u>
	6
Active employees	27

**Contributions**

The District has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable-Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the District based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the District is actuarially determined annually. The employee contribution rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the District within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2***Notes to the Financial Statements**September 30, 2021***NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

	<u>Contribution Rates</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Member	4%	4%
Employers	1.73%	1.69%
Fiscal year Employer Contributions	\$ 8,391	\$ 7,634
Fiscal year Member Contributions	\$ 20,089	\$ 18,976

**Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	
Recognition of economic/ demographic gains or losses	Straight-line amortization over expected working life
Recognition of assumptions and changes or inputs	Straight-line amortization over expected working life
Asset Valuation Method	
Smoothing period	5 years
Recognition method	Non-asymptotic
Corridor	None
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service 3.00% average over career including inflation.
Investment Rate of Return	7.60% (Gross of administrative expenses)
Cost-Of-Living Adjustments	Cost-of-Living Adjustments for Blanco County Emergency Services District #2 are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

**NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age.
Turnover	New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar entry ages.
Mortality	Based on RP-2014 mortality tables.

The actuarial assumptions were developed from an actuarial experience investigation of TCDRS over the years 2013 - 2016. Assumptions were recommended by Milliman, Inc., adopted by the TCDRS Board of Trustees in 2017 and first used in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation.

**Net Pension Liability**

The District's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2020, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

**Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term rate of return funding valuation assumption of 7.50%, plus 0.10% adjustment to be gross of administrative expenses as required by GASB 68. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active, inactive, and retired members. Therefore the discount rate for calculation the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return, and the municipal bond rate does not apply.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used, we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. This alternative method reflects the funding requirement under our funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

**NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

1. TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UALL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
3. The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
4. Any increased cost due to the adoption of a cost-of-living adjustment is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 7.60%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 7.50%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses.

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2021 information for a 10 year time horizon.

Note that the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is based on a 10-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in January 2021.

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2***Notes to the Financial Statements**September 30, 2021***NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Benchmark</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus inflation)</u>
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	11.50%	4.25%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	4.55%
International Equities- Developed Markets	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	5.00%	4.25%
International Equities- Emerging Markets	MSCI Emergency Markets (net) Index	6.00%	4.75%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	-0.85%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	9.00%	2.11%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	16.00%	6.70%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associated Distressed Securities Index	4.00%	5.70%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P REIT (net) Index	2.00%	3.45%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.10%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	6.00%	4.90%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index	25.00%	7.25%
Cash Equivalents	90-Day US Treasury	2.00%	-0.70%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Funds Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	6.00%	1.85%

**Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension**

At September 30, 2021, the District reported a net pension liability of \$8,122 measured at December 31, 2020. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$8,499.



**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2***Notes to the Financial Statements**September 30, 2021***NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

Changes in the net pension liability for the measurement year ended December 31, 2020 are as follows:

<u>Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)</u>	<u>Total Pension Liability</u> <u>(a)</u>	<u>Fiduciary Net Position</u> <u>(b)</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability/(Asset)</u> <u>(a) - (b)</u>
Balances as of December 31, 2019	\$ 33,236	\$ 33,140	\$ 96
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	26,406	-	26,406
Interest on total pension liability	4,831	-	4,831
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-
Effect on economic/demographic gains or losses	802	-	802
Effect on assumptions changes or inputs	7,477	-	7,477
Refund of contributions	-	-	-
Benefit payments	-	-	-
Administrative expenses	-	(47)	47
Member contributions	-	19,345	(19,345)
Net investment income	-	3,479	(3,479)
Employer contributions	-	7,903	(7,903)
Other	-	810	(810)
Balances as of December 31, 2020	\$ 72,752	\$ 64,630	\$ 8,122

**Sensitivity Analysis**

The following presents the net pension liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 7.60%, as well as what the Blanco Emergency Services District No. 2 net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.60%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.60%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease <u>6.60%</u>	Current Discount Rate <u>7.60%</u>	1% Increase <u>8.60%</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 91,405	\$ 72,752	\$ 58,372
Fiduciary net position	<u>64,630</u>	<u>64,630</u>	<u>64,630</u>
Net pension liability / (Asset)	\$ 26,775	\$ 8,122	\$ (6,258)

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2***Notes to the Financial Statements**September 30, 2021***NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)**

As of December 31, 2020, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

	<u>Deferred Inflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows</u> <u>of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 348	\$ 3,144
Changes in assumptions	-	6,797
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	-	658
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	N/A	6,199

The \$6,199 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended September 30, 2022.

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2021	\$ 1,166
2022	1,164
2023	1,131
2024	1,021
2025	956
Thereafter	4,813

**NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

The District did not have any subsequent events through February 14, 2022, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued for events requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

**Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2***Budgetary Comparison Schedule**For the Year Ended September 30, 2021*

	General Fund			Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Billing revenues	\$ 290,995	\$ 290,995	\$ 373,679	\$ 82,684
Contract revenue	-	-	7,500	7,500
Contributions	63,200	63,200	94,242	31,042
Grants	-	-	39,512	39,512
Interest income	-	-	7,198	7,198
Miscellaneous revenue	119,294	119,294	199	(119,095)
Property taxes	1,012,296	1,023,296	1,023,410	114
Sales taxes	141,960	141,960	468,106	326,146
Sale of assets	-	-	<u>125,900</u>	<u>125,900</u>
Total Revenues	<u>1,627,745</u>	<u>1,638,745</u>	<u>2,139,746</u>	<u>501,001</u>
Expenditures				
Audit and accounting	11,000	11,000	9,471	1,529
Capital outlay	680,325	680,325	676,696	3,629
Debt service	218,279	218,279	194,839	23,440
Equipment and supplies	90,800	79,800	85,238	(5,438)
Fundraising and miscellaneous	510	1,510	983	527
Human resources and development	661,777	661,777	650,242	11,535
Insurance	129,678	129,678	128,539	1,139
Office and administration	65,280	64,930	89,876	(24,946)
Station expenses	44,358	46,358	45,888	470
Vehicle expenses	<u>50,650</u>	<u>70,000</u>	<u>74,799</u>	<u>(4,799)</u>
Total Expenditures	<u>1,952,657</u>	<u>1,963,657</u>	<u>1,956,571</u>	<u>7,086</u>
Excess (Deficiencies) of Revenues and Other Sources Over Expenditures and Other (Uses)	\$ <u>(324,912)</u>	\$ <u>(324,912)</u>	183,175	\$ <u>508,087</u>
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			<u>1,674,262</u>	
Fund Balance, End of Year			\$ <u>1,857,437</u>	

## Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2

### Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	Year Ended December 31									
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
<b>Total Pension Liability</b>										
Service cost	\$ 26,406	\$ 22,260	\$ 5,798	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Interest on total pension liability	4,831	2,273	470	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Effect of plan changes	-	-	-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	7,477	-	-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	802	2,900	(465)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
Net change in total pension liability	39,516	27,433	5,803	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Total pension liability, beginning	<u>33,236</u>	<u>5,803</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
Total pension liability, ending (a)	\$ <u>72,752</u>	\$ <u>33,236</u>	\$ <u>5,803</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
<b>Fiduciary Net Position</b>										
Employer contributions	\$ 7,903	\$ 7,061	\$ 1,623	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Member contributions	19,345	18,221	4,189	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Investment income new of investment expenses	3,479	967	65	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Benefit payments/refund of contributions	-	-	-	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Administrative expenses	(47)	(25)	(4)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Other	<u>810</u>	<u>870</u>	<u>173</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
Net change in fiduciary net position	31,490	27,094	6,046	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Fiduciary net position, beginning	<u>33,140</u>	<u>6,046</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
Fiduciary net position, ending (b)	\$ <u>64,630</u>	\$ <u>33,140</u>	\$ <u>6,046</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
Net pension liability / (asset), ending = (a) - (b)	\$ <u>8,122</u>	\$ <u>96</u>	\$ <u>(243)</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>n/a</u>
Fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability	88.84%	99.71%	104.18%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Pensionable covered payroll	\$ 483,629	\$ 455,535	\$ 104,735	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll	1.68%	0.02%	-0.23%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required, and if prior years are not reported in accordance with the standards of GASB 68, they should not be shown here. Therefore, we have shown only years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented.

## Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2

### Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ending <u>December 31</u>	Actuarially Determined <u>Contribution</u>	Actual Employer <u>Contribution</u>	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered <u>Payroll(1)</u>	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered <u>Payroll</u>
2011	-	-	-	-	-
2012	-	-	-	-	-
2013	-	-	-	-	-
2014	-	-	-	-	-
2015	-	-	-	-	-
2016	-	-	-	-	-
2017	-	-	-	-	-
2018	1,623	1,623	-	104,735	1.6%
2019	7,061	7,061	-	455,535	1.6%
2020	7,883	7,903	(20)	486,629	1.6%

(1) Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining Amortization Period	20.0 years (based on contribution rate calculated in 12/31/20 valuation)
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.6% average over career including inflation.
Investment rate of Return	7.50%, net of investment expenses, including inflation.
Retirement Age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age of service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale after 2014.

## **Blanco County Emergency Services District No. 2**

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### *Schedule of Employer Contributions (Continued)*

Changes in Assumption and Methods Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2015: New inflation, mortality, and other assumptions were reflected. 2017: New mortality assumptions were reflected. 2019: New inflation, mortality and other assumptions were reflected.
Changes in Plan Provision Reflected in the Schedule of Employer Contributions	2015: No changes to plan provisions were reflected in the schedule. 2016: No changes to plan provisions were reflected in the schedule. 2017: No changes to plan provisions were reflected in the schedule. 2018: No changes to plan provisions were reflected in the schedule. 2019: No changes to plan provisions were reflected in the schedule. 2020: No changes to plan provisions were reflected in the schedule.